IMPACT: International Journal of Research in Humanities, Arts and Literature (IMPACT: IJRHAL)

ISSN (P): 2347-4564; ISSN (E): 2321-8878

Vol. 7, Issue 6, Jun 2019, 141-150

© Impact Journals



# FACTORS IMPACTING MOBILE WALLET USAGE IN PUNE CITY

#### Anagha Bhope Bobde

Research Scholar, 'Abhinavan', Indira School of Business Studies, Pune, Maharashtra, India

Received: 09 May 2019 Accepted: 06 Jun 2019 Published: 25 Jun 2019

#### **ABSTRACT**

India is constantly making efforts to propose itself as one of the biggest digital economies. In lieu of this many initiatives are taken by the government such as Demonetization etc. Demonetization has brought in a dramatic shift in the mindset of Indian consumers. A dearth of cash available for spending has forced the consumers to search out new ways to facilitate the transactions. The requirement was the medium to be secure, hassle-free and easy to use. In India, around 90% of the people use mobile phones. Hence this platform was appropriate to facilitate their transactions, along with being secure, hassle-free and ease of use. Demonetization has enabled people to use different M-wallets. M-wallets targets a large population by facilitating financial inclusion. Since there are different wallets provided in the market the consumers are at a benefit from choosing from different wallets, behavioral aspects come in the picture while selecting the wallets. Consumer's likes, dislikes, preferences, habits play a major role in the selection of the wallets. Therefore, in this study, the attempt has been made to study the factors which affect the intention of the consumers to use M-wallets. A survey was conducted among 250 respondents in Pune, to identify the factors which affect the intention of the consumers to use M-Wallets. Parameters like convenience, ease of use, privacy, security, compatibility, service quality, etc. are considered. This study would be of help to the policy makers and marketing strategists t design more customized and user-friendly wallets. Moreover, this might assist the bankers to find out core banking solutions.

KEYWORDS: M-wallet, Demonetization, Cashless Transactions JEL Classification- M30, M31

#### INTRODUCTION

Cashless transaction are an emerging trend that has seen many folds increase in the last couple of years. Cashless payments in almost all areas are now becoming popular drift. Mobile-wallet has become one of the important financial facilities for paying cashless and boosting the digital economy. The mobile apps are more preferred because they serve as physical wallet. They provide all the facilities which are provided by the physical wallets, plus they provide these facilities without being physically present in the bank. The M-wallet even acts as a big opportunity as it's a new concept and business houses aspire for constant growth and stability in their performance. In India, the internet facilities provided to the consumers makes it possible even for the consumers to access these M-wallets with ease. It is convenient, user-friendly, and safe due to the security matrix used in their algorithms.

### **Review of Literature**

Table 1

S.No	Year	Author	Crux of the Study		
1	2018	Techsciresearch Consultant	According to this report in India, m-wallet can reach \$20 bn by 2020.		
2	2018	Bagla & Sancheti	Authors have examined the popularity of digital payments in India and sustainability challenges faced by m-wallet companies in India. They also explored the fact there is an urgent need		
3	2017	Manikandan & Jayakodi	This new technology creates a huge market share and makes a faster growth by giving ease of use and convenience.		
4	2017	Singh & Rana	This study has supported the above findings that the educational level of respondents significantly influence the intention to adopt m-wallets.		
5	2017	D'Souza & Bhadury	This study provides a base for m-wallet companies to understand the average potential customer and its risk.		
6	2017	Singh et al.	This study which was done on a regional basis explored consumer preference of m-wallets for North India where a conceptual model named UTAUT was used.		
7	2016	Koksal	It was observed in this study that culture and economic factors play a significant role in the adoption of M-wallets.		
8	2016	Taheam et al.	This study states that a few problems have hindered the acceptance of M-wallets by a number of people, such as premium pricing, complexity, poor net connections, and the associated risks.		
9	2016	Shah et al.	The study stated that Indian users will take to digital payment option because of high internet and mobile penetration.		
10	2016	Painuly & Rathi	The facility of M-wallets of mobile telecommunication provides those applications the support and hassle-free transactions.		
11	2016	Bhaskar	Consumers prefer wallets and online banking for shopping and booking movie ticket.		
12	2015	Upadhyay & Chattopadhyay	Authors have analyzed the issues related to adopting mobile-based payment services		
13	2013	Narayan	Author has stated that m-wallet service that enhances mobility and connectivity of the standard wallet in a built-in mobile device. It provides protection as well as convenience to the user.		
14	2010	Riqualme & Rios	Authors have explored that north Indian consumers are thrilled to adopt new things and enjoy paying by means m-wallets.		
15	2009	Palka et al.	In their research, explored customer adoption and opined that consumers are so calculative and evaluate the effectiveness of m- wallets.		

## Research Design

This paper follows an 'Exploratory research design'. The basic objective of the paper is to find out the basic parameters which affect the intention of the consumers to use m-wallet. The next thing that the researcher has tried to find out as to the parameters which discourage the consumer from using the m-wallet. A researcher has tried to compartmentalize the parameters which motivate the consumers to use m-wallet. Compartmentalizing these parameters into several factors needed treating the available data with 'Exploratory data analysis'.

## **Problem Statement**

Demonetization is the phenomenon which has forced consumers to use virtual money and for using that people had to open different virtual accounts in the form having different wallets. The reach of these M-wallets is huge and vast. These are of much use when it comes to using virtual money, these are safe and secure due to proactive measures taken

while using these. A researcher has tried to identify the parameters which motivate the consumers to use m-wallets. These factors would be of use for the marketers of the wallets and the policymakers of core banking solution.

#### **Objectives**

- To identify the factors affecting people's intention to adopt m-wallets.
- To segregate factors which plays the most dominant factors to affect the intention of people to adopt m-wallet.
- To study the perception and behavior of people towards m-wallets.

#### **Data Collection**

This study follows the exploratory research design and majorly deals in primary data. A questionnaire is administered as the data collection instruments, nearly 450 questionnaires were sent through e-mails and a few of them are also administered physically. After data centralization 350 questionnaires were considered to be fit for data analysis. Based on the research design, the objective was to include the youth, students, and professionals.

### **Sampling Frame**

The sample size is considered to be 350 respondents, which is justified by statistics as well. The statistical technique used in this paper 'Factor analysis' which states that the respondents should be at least 5 times the parameters used to do the factor analysis.

#### **Data Consideration**

The data considered in the research is considered to be representative of the total population. As the population is very diverse and it's not possible to execute the questionnaire to each and every area in Pune hence it was difficult to increase the sample size.

#### Limitations

This study is limited to Pune city and hence more validation in terms of data is needed while generalizing the results of the study.

## **Questionnaire Design**

The questionnaire used in this research is a formalized and unconcealed type of questionnaire. It consists of 2 sections, the first section is dedicated to 'Demographics' or the descriptive stats while the second section is dedicated to 'Inferential Section', it includes the statements which includes the parameters to be segregated in the factors and the researcher has used the 'Likert Scale' for collection of responses of the respondents.

## **Conceptual Frameworks**

The conceptual framework refers to different statements which are used for capturing the responses of the respondents-

- M-wallets have enabled me to do my banking transactions in a better manner.
- M-wallets have made my banking easier.

- M-wallet has increased the efficiency of my banking operations.
- M-wallets are safe to use
- The mechanism is clear and understandable
- Shifting to M-wallets is quite easy
- M-wallet is quite secure to use.
- Usage terms are very clear with M-wallet
- I am very comfortable using M-wallets
- There is no issue of connectivity with respect to M-wallets
- M-wallet companies provide enough support to the users
- Customer care services are really good with M-wallets
- M-wallets gives me better control over my spending pattern than the traditional methods
- M- wallet is more convenient than traditional method of financing
- M- wallets requires concentration while using
- M-wallets are compatible with current lifestyle
- M- wallets are compatible with my working style
- M-wallets help me to maintain my lifestyle
- I believe giving demo sessions of M-wallets are really helpful
- I think M-wallet puts personal details at risk for confidentiality
- I think using M-wallet has a potential risk
- I think M-wallet is riskier than other digital payment options

### **Data Analysis**

The paper is based on the perception of respondents

## **Data Sufficiency Test**

Table 2

KMO and Bartlett's Test				
Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin	.885			
Dantlattle Test of	Approx. Chi-Square	21205.131		
Bartlett's Test of	Df	231		
Sphericity	Sig.	.000		

### Interpretation

Above statistics aid the researcher to infer that data used for analysis is adequate is nature and it satisfies the data sufficiency condition. The hypothesis set was, 'The parameters considered are independent of each other' the significance value states that this null hypothesis can't be accepted, as there is no sufficient evidence to prove so. Hence the parameters are dependent or related to each other. This premise set a base for factor analysis, if the parameters are related then, they will get clubbed into factors by the rotation process.

This test has proven the reliability and validity of the dataset, which aid to infer that the results of the study would be reliable and valid too.

### Variance Explained by the Parameter Matrix

Table 3

Total Variance Explained									
	Initial Eigenvalues			Extraction Sums of Squared Loadings			Rotation Sums of Squared Loadings		
Component									
Component	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %
1	18.679		84.904	18.679	84.904	84.904	9.729	44.223	44.223
2	.952	4.329	89.232	.952	4.329	89.232	8.630	39.227	83.450
3	.668	3.035	92.267	.668	3.035	92.267	1.940	8.817	92.267
4	.500	2.274	94.541						
5	.270	1.225	95.766						
6	.191	.869	96.636						
7	.167	.759	97.395						
8	.125	.569	97.964						
9	.109	.496	98.460						
10	.084	.381	98.841						
11	.058	.264	99.105						
12	.047	.215	99.320						
13	.037	.166	99.486						
14	.029	.132	99.618						
15	.027	.121	99.739						
16	.021	.096	99.835						
17	.011	.051	99.887						
18	.010	.044	99.930						
19	.007	.032	99.962						
20	.004	.019	99.982		·			·	
21	.003	.014	99.995						
22	.001	.005	100.000						
Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis									

### Interpretation

The variance table gives an idea that 3 major factors have come up in the dimension reduction process, which explains around 92% of the variation in the dataset. It indicates the factors are explaining a major part of perception respondents have towards using M-wallets, the parameters are clearly clubbed into segregated factors showing the perceptive, discretionary and systemic view of the respondents. The explained dataset variance is substantial in nature to prove the model is validating the assumptions that respondents use their discretion, opinions about the risk involved and their perceptions while using the M-wallet facility.

# **Rotated Component Matrix**

Table 4

Rotated Component Matrix <sup>a</sup>				
	Component			
	1	2	3	
par1	.851			
par2	.846			
par3	.823			
par4	.854			
par5	.840			
par6	.837			
par7	.749			
par8	.716			
par9	.717			
par10	.675			
par11		.720		
par12		.774		
par13		.783		
par14		.820		
par15		.802		
par16		.767		
par17		.735		
par18		.809		
par19		.891		
par20			700	
par21			733	
par22			677	

# Interpretation

Rotated component matrix has given the three distinct factors giving three different perceptions of respondent of using and not using M-wallets. The three factors named as 'Perceptive', 'Discretionary' and 'Systemic' factors. These three factors explains around 92% of the variation in the dataset. It also means that the model is 'Fit' in statistical sense.

# **Diagrammatic Representation**

Table 5

Factors	Perceptive	Discretionary	Systemic (Risk Factor)
Parameters	<ul> <li>M-wallets have enabled me to do my banking transactions in a better manner.</li> <li>M-wallets have made my banking easier.</li> <li>M-wallet has increased the efficiency of my banking operations.</li> <li>M-wallets are safe to use</li> <li>The mechanism is clear and understandable</li> <li>Shifting to M-wallets is quite easy</li> <li>M-wallet is quite secure to use.</li> <li>Usage terms are very clear with M-wallet</li> <li>I am very comfortable using M-wallets</li> <li>There is no issue of connectivity with respect to M-wallets</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>M-wallet companies provide enough support to the users</li> <li>Customer care services are really good with M-wallets</li> <li>M-wallets gives me better control over my spending pattern than traditional methods</li> <li>M- wallet is more convenient than the traditional method of financing</li> <li>M- wallets requires concentration while using</li> <li>M-wallets are compatible with current lifestyle</li> <li>M- wallets are compatible with my working style</li> <li>M-wallets help me to maintain my lifestyle</li> <li>I believe giving demo sessions of M-wallets are really helpful</li> </ul>	I think M-wallet puts personal details at risk for confidentiality I think using M-wallet has a potential risk I think M-wallet is riskier than other digital payment options

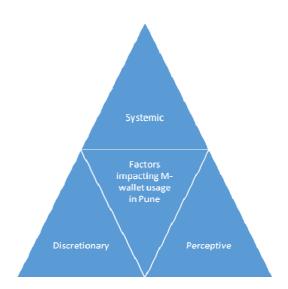


Figure 1

### **CONCLUSIONS**

The emergence of new technology has enabled people to use facilities like M-wallets and mobile baking. Changing time is also changing the views of people over the usage of such digital platforms for banking. These platforms also enable them to compare the modern ways of banking with the traditional ways of banking. In this paper, researcher has tried to find out the factors which affect people's intentions to adopt such platforms in a developing country like us. It wasn't possible for the researcher to extend the geographical boundaries for collecting the sample and hence the sample territory was kept restricted to Pune City. The 22 parameters considered gave 3 distinct factors after analyzing them statistically which indicated that people think of risk, ease of use, better service, and many other factors before using M-wallets.

### **Implications and Scope for Further Research**

This research would help Companies who are offering E-commerce services and banks to evaluate their services according to the requirements of the people who are using it. Another aspect of this research would be that companies and banks might try to form strategies to suit to the need of the people and might aim to attract the people who are either not aware or using these E-commerce services. One more interesting finding comes out as giving demo sessions to the user. Companies might make videos specific to their M-wallets and put it on the social media platform to improve their user base with effective success rate. These factors might help banks to improve their services accordingly, and in fact, improve their E-commerce portal accordingly.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Bagla R. and Sancheti V. (2018) "Gaps in Customer Satisfaction with Digital Wallets: Challenge for sustainability" Journal of Management Development, Vonorth India'l. 37, No. 6, pp. 442-451
- 2. Bhaskar R. N. (2016), "Why we should be worried about North India's Demographic Time Bomb" published at www.firstpost.com/india/why-we shouldbe-worried-about-northindias-demographic-time-bomb-2731954.HTML.Accessed on July 4, 2018
- 3. D'souza M and Bhadury K (2017), "Potential Risks of Mobile Wallet usage as compared to a physical Wallet in India", International Journal of latest Engineering and Management Research, Vol 2, No. 2, pp 1-8
- 4. Gunjan Sharma, Kushagra Kulshreshtha (2019), "Mobile Wallet Adoption in India- An Analysis" The IUP Journal of Bank Management, Vol. 18, No.1, pp 7-20
- 5. Manikandan S and Jayakodi J M (2017) "An empirical study on consumer adoption of Mobile wallet with special reference to Chennai City", International Journal of Research Granthalaya, Vol.5, No.5, pp 107-115
- 6. Narayan S. (2013), Mobile Payments: Comparison of Mobile Wallet Concepts, KTH- Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden.
- 7. Painuly Poonam and Rathi S (2016), "Mobile Wallet: An upcoming mode of business transactions", International Journal in Management and Social Science, Vol.4, No.5 pp356-363

- 8. Palka W, Pousttchi and Wiedemann D.G (2009) "Mobile Word-of-mouth- A grounded theory of Mobile Viral Marketing", Journal of Information Technology, Vol.24, No.2, pp. 172-185
- 9. Riqualme H E and Rios R E (2010), "The Moderating Effect of Gender in the Adoption Mobile Banking", The international Journal of Bank Marketing, Vol 28, No. 5, pp. 328-341
- 10. Shah A, Kaushik V, Roongta P et al. (2016), "Digital Payments 2020: The Making of \$500 Billion Ecosystem in India" The Boston Consulting Group
- 11. Singh S and Rana R (2017), "Study of consumer perception of Digital Payment mode", The journal of Internet Banking and Commerce, Vol.22, No.3, pp 1-14
- 12. Singh S, Srivastava s and Sinha N (2017), "Consumer Preference and satisfaction of M-wallets: A study on North Indian Consumers", International Journal of Bank Marketing Vol. 35, No. 6, pp 944-965
- 13. Taheam K, Sharma R and Goswami S (2016), "Drivers of Digital Wallet Usage Implications for Leveraging Digital marketing", International Journal of Economic Research Vol. 13, No.1, pp.175-186
- 14. Techsciresearch (2018), "India Mobile Wallet Market to Reach US\$ 6.6 Billion by 2020" available at https:# www.techscisearch.com/ news/453-India-mobile-wallet-market-to-reach-us-6.6 billion-by- 2020.html. Accessed on July 12,2018
- 15. Upadhyay P and Chattopadhyay M. (2015), "Examining mobile based payment services adoption issues: A new approach using Hierarchial Clustering and Self- Organizing Maps", Journal of Enterprise Information Management, Vol. 28, No. 4, pp 490-550.